How Parts Unknown Challenged the American Narrative

By Tara Yazdan Panah

Celebrity chef and documener Iranians. To many of us, he was an ally of misrepresented peoples. His travel show Parts Unknown was one of my favorite ways to spend an afternoon. Each episode centered around a city or country where Bourdain sat down with locals, shared meals with them, and learned about that Iran is not a country of Ameritheir personal and political struggles.

I was first introduced to Bourdain in 2014, when my sister showed me an episode of *Parts Un*known in which Bourdain traveled to Iran. An American traveling with a *CNN* documentary crew in Iran? I was extremely curious to find out be portrayed. Knowing how Western media typically depicts the Middle East, I wasn't expecting much.

It didn't take long for

supposed to be like this." Bourdain life is like in non-Western countries. said in the first minute of the episode. "Of all the places, of all the nities' stories in isolation—it dealt countries, of all the years of traveling, it is here, in Iran, I am greeted most warmly by total strangers."

Bourdain spends the next 40 minutes eating kabobs and stews, bowling with young Iranians, speaking with journalists, and street racing with locals.

To this day, I rewatch that episode whenever I'm homesick.

Hearing someone dispel comtarian Anthony Bourdain's passing mon misconceptions about Iran in in 2018 troubled me and many oth- front of their large American audience was an empowering experience for me. I've lost track of the number of times I've had to explain to my peers that I feel perfectly safe whenever I visit Iran—in many cases, safer than I have felt in the United States.

Far too often, I've clarified ca-hating bigots, but rather a country of people who rightfully reject the U.S. government's interference in their domestic affairs. My freshman year, I even had to explain to someone in my hall that Iran and Iraq are not the same country.

That being said, Parts Unhow my family's homeland would known wasn't a perfect depiction of any country and their struggles against American influence and intervention. After all, CNN isn't known for its progressive foreign policy positions. At me to breathe a sigh of relief. the very least, however, it gave many "I am so confused, It wasn't Americans their first taste of what

And it didn't speak of commuwith hard-to-swallow pills about American imperialism. Bourdain famously said in one episode, "Once vou've been to Cambodia, vou'll never stop wanting to beat Henry Kissinger to death with your bare hands."1 You seldom see this type of criticism in American media, and so-called "liberal" outlets don't challenge pro-American narratives, either.



think a few travel documentaries are going to "save" the Middle East alumnus Noam Chomsky has said that any dictator would admire the uniformity and obedience of the be limited to "foodie" audiences. U.S. media.2 Our mainstream methat America's actions toward the themselves as executives in merest of the world are often justified. dia conglomerates and production

they want to hear, and the average American viewer probably does not want to hear about the many atrocities their tax dollars fund (i.e. Yemen, Iraq, Afghanistanand that's just in the Middle East).

When journalists and celebrities expose viewers to another country's cul-

ture, it does have a real, material uate with the harmful mindset of effect on people's lives. It's tiring to hear the same questions rooted in Trump's mishandling of COVID-19 stereotypes and ignorance. If Americans only hear the limited perspectives that typically come from MSN-BC, CNN, and The New York Times, my peers fighting for social justhey limit their own understanding of different cultures, people, and places. Looking past superficial reporting can hold significant value in strengthening your relation- tures in their future careers and ships with people of other cultures.

The problem is that many Americans don't put in effort to learn outside of the mainstream, Anthony Bourdain's legacy, share and our Eurocentric education sys- a traditional Persian meal with tem is no help. Shows like Parts friends, and explain all the in-Unknown brought an inkling of re-tricacies of my culture and peoality into American homes, beyond ple to those willing to listen.

Don't get me wrong, I don't the purview of Western societies. I'm grateful for a high-quality production that portrayed humanifrom western villainization. Lin- ty in the Middle East. But really, I guist, political theorist, and Penn shouldn't be grateful at all—such portrayals should be the standard across all media and they shouldn't

Plenty of Penn students dia outlets, much like the rest of will come to hold significant posithe population, buy into the idea tions of power, and many will find The media will tell viewers what companies. It's our duty to use our

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education to promote perspectives concerns that are voiced by affected communities, rather than uphold an agenda that pumps out the most profit and downplays the harms of Western imperialism and capitalism.

Unfortunately, many Penn students grad-

profit over people, and President and his increasing militaristic policies globally are prime examples of that. Nevertheless, when I see tice and educating others on their backgrounds, it gives me hope that Penn students will challenge narrow-mindedness about other culamplify marginalized voices from communities around the world.

Until then, I'll summon